Aim of this briefing. On this page we present the number of confirmed daily COVID-19 cases (see note 1) among 20 Caribbean countries and territories (see note 2) since the start of the outbreak. We present this information as a heatmap to visually summarise the situation as of 15 Aug 2020. The heatmap was created for two main reasons: (A) to highlight outbreak hotspots, and (B) to track locations that have seen small numbers of recent cases. An extended period with no or sporadic isolated cases might be used as one of several potential triggers needed before considering the easing of national COVID-19 control measures.
Aim of this briefing. On this page we present growth rates for confirmed COVID-19 cases (see notes 1 and 3) among 20 Caribbean countries and territories (see note 2) since the start of the outbreak. We present this information as a heatmap to visually summarise the situation as of 15 Aug 2020. The growth rate helps us to better understand whether the outbreak is worsening (an increasing or static growth rate) or improving (a decreasing growth rate) in each location. An extended period with no or sporadic low growth might be used as one of several potential triggers needed before considering the easing of national COVID-19 control measures.
Aim of this briefing. We present the cumulative number of confirmed COVID-19 cases (see note 1) among 20 Caribbean countries and territories (see note 2) since the start of the outbreak. We use heatmaps to visually summarise the situation as of 15 Aug 2020. The intention is to highlight outbreak hotspots.
Aim of this briefing. On this page we present the number of confirmed daily and cumulative COVID-19 deaths (see note 1) among 20 Caribbean countries and territories (see note 2) since the start of the outbreak. We present this information as a heatmap to visually summarise the situation as of 15 Aug 2020.

### Daily deaths by 15 Aug 2020

- **Antigua and Barbuda**
- **The Bahamas**
- **Barbados**
- **Belize**
- **Bermuda**
- **British Virgin Islands**
- **Cayman Islands**
- **Dominica**
- **Grenada**
- **Guyana**
- **Haiti**
- **Jamaica**
- **Montserrat**
- **St Kitts and Nevis**
- **St Lucia**
- **St Vincent**
- **Suriname**
- **Trinidad and Tobago**
- **Turks and Caicos Islands**

### Cumulative deaths by 15 Aug 2020

- **Antigua and Barbuda**
- **The Bahamas**
- **Barbados**
- **Belize**
- **Bermuda**
- **British Virgin Islands**
- **Cayman Islands**
- **Dominica**
- **Grenada**
- **Guyana**
- **Haiti**
- **Jamaica**
- **Montserrat**
- **St Kitts and Nevis**
- **St Lucia**
- **St Vincent**
- **Suriname**
- **Trinidad and Tobago**
- **Turks and Caicos Islands**

#### (NOTE 1) Data Source

#### (NOTE 2) Countries and territories included in this briefing:
Countries and territories included in this briefing: CARICOM member states: Antigua and Barbuda, The Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Jamaica, St. Kitts and Nevis, St. Lucia, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Suriname, Trinidad and Tobago. United Kingdom Overseas Territories (UKOTS): Anguilla, Bermuda, British Virgin Islands, Cayman Islands, Montserrat, Turks and Caicos Islands.

#### (NOTE 3) Growth Rate
The heatmap on page 2 presents the growth rate among confirmed cases. Growth rate is a relative rate. To calculate the growth rate we divide the total cases on each day by the total cases the previous day, then we take the logarithm of that value. The equation is therefore: growth rate = \( \log(\text{cases/cases on previous day}) \). A value of 1 can be interpreted as a 1% daily growth in the number of confirmed COVID-19 cases.